Behavior Prevention and Intervention: Implementing Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for Grades K-12 Packet 3

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Student		Age	Grade	Date
nterventionist	Teacher(s)			
			S	tarting Time
Step 1: Backgroun	nd (5 minutes)			Stop
Describe the presenting pro	blem. Identify when, whe	re, how often, how I	ong, etc. the problem occ	urs.
• Identify student strengths.				
• Identify strategies already t	ried.			
Step 2: Problem/C	Goal/Data (4 min	nutes)		Stop
Narrow the scope of the pro	oblem and identify a goal.			
 Identify what form of data v 	will be used to track progre	ess toward the goal.		
,		g		
Step 3: Corrective	e Consequences	(2 minutes)		Stop
•			d or ignored, or whether a	a consequence will be implemented
Refer to the menu of possible	correct consequences as r	ieeded.		
Step 4: Responsib	le and Irrespon	sible Behavi	or (4 minutes)	Stop
Provide examples of responsible	le behavior and/or student :	strengths to encourac	je. Provide examples of irro	esponsible behavior to discourage.
	ole Behavior		Irresponsible	e Behavior

Step 5: Proactive Strate	gies (4 minutes)	Stop		
Brainstorm strategies to encourage respon	sible behavior. (Brainstorm, don't evaluate.) Refer to	o possible proactive strategies menu as needed.		
Step 6: Proactive Plan (3	3 minutes)	Stop		
Select a manageable set of proactive strat	tegies to implement.			
Step 7: Final Details (4 n	ninutes)	Stop		
 a. Evaluation: Identify at least two ways to determine if the plan is working. b. Support: Identify things other adults can do to assist the student and teacher. (Be specific—who, what, where, and when.) c. Plan Summary: Identify each person's responsibilities and when actions will be taken. Identify who will discuss the plan with the student and when. Schedule follow-up. 				
Who	Responsibilities	Date(s)		
Discussion With the Stu	dent			
Who	Date	Time		
Follow-Up Meeting	Date	Time		

tudent	Age	Grade	Beginning Date		
nterventionist	Teacher(s)				
Stage 1: Backgrou	nd				
1. Reason for referral a	and description of the problem:				
Code Red: Is it an emerg	ency situation?				
The behavior is a threa	The behavior is a threat to physical safety.		Intervention G: Managing Physically Dangerous Behavior		
The behavior is so disa	ruptive the teacher cannot teach.	Intervention H: Managing Severely Disruptive Behavio			
2. Are there situations	that seem to set off the probler	n behavior?			
Where do the probleWhen do the probleTimes of day:Days of week:					
5. How often do the pr	roblems occur? How long does	the behavior last? How	intense is the problem		
6. Is the student psych	ologically and neurologically casupport this opinion?	apable of controlling hi	s or her behavior?		
- ·					
- ·	of the problem?				
Is there evidence to 7. Is the student aware	e of the problem? em motivated to improve the be	ehavior?			
7. Is the student aware 8. Does the student see	em motivated to improve the bo		ning or reinforcing the		
7. Is the student aware 8. Does the student see 9. What is the function	em motivated to improve the bon of the problem behavior? What or?		ning or reinforcing the ☐ Peer attention ☐ Other		

10.	Strengths of the Student (list at least three):
11.	The teacher's goal or desired outcome: What would the teacher like to have happen?
	What can't the teacher live with any longer?
12.	Methods for evaluating intervention effectiveness:
13.	Notes on parental involvement: Contact date(s): Notes on the contact(s):
	What would the parents or guardians like to have happen?
14.	Other interventions tried and their results (in particular, Interventions A–F): For each:
	Are copies of this information available?
	How successful were the interventions?
15.	Other information the teacher is aware of: Input from other adults who know the student (teachers, assistants, specialists, school counselors)
16.	Review of the student's records:

Stage 2: Preparation

Possible Interventions to Consider:

Presenting Behavior	if true Intervention im	Date of plementation	Effectivenes (+/–)
Several or many students in class misbehave.	Preintervention: Classroom Management		
The student may not know what is expected.	Intervention A: Planned Discussion		
The student may have an underlying academic problem.	Intervention B: Academic Assistance		
The student has difficulty with motivation and may not understand how to reach a goal.	Intervention C: Goal Setting		
The student's behavior appears to be chronic and resistant to simple intervention.	Intervention D: Data Collection & Debriefing		
The student gets a lot of attention from adults or peers for misbehavior or failure.	Intervention E: Increasing Positive Interactions		
The reason the behavior is occurring chronically needs to be analyzed and incorporated into the intervention plan.	Intervention F: STOIC Analysis & Intervention		
The student's escalating behavior is physically dangerous, or poses a threat to physical safety.	Intervention G: Managing Physically Dangerous Behavior		
The behavior is so severe that the teacher cannot continue to teach.	Intervention H: Managing Severely Disruptive Behavior		
The student is impulsive and has difficulty maintaining emotional control.	Intervention I: Managing the Cycle of Emotional Escalation		
The student seems to be unaware of when he/she engages in inappropriate behavior.	Intervention J: Cueing & Precorrecting		
The student has some motivation to change or learn new behaviors.	Intervention K: Self-Monitoring & Self-Evaluation		
The student makes negative comments about him- or herself and others.	Intervention L: Positive Self-Talk & Attribution Training		
The student does not know how to meet expectations.	Intervention M: Teaching Replacement Behavior		
The student cannot or will not communicate verbally.	Intervention N: Functional Communication		
The misbehavior is a firmly established part of the student's behavior.	Intervention O: Structured Reinforcement Systems		
It is difficult to be consistent with the student because it is not always clear when the student has crossed the line between appropriate and inappropriate behavior.	Intervention P: Defining Limits &		
Consequences for misbehavior seem necessary but do not seem to work.	Establishing Consequences		
Teacher feels anxious, worried, discouraged, or angry about one or more students.	Intervention Q: Relaxation & Stress Management		
The student seems anxious, lethargic, or depressed.	Intervention R: Internalizing Problems & Mental Health		

Stage 3: Intervention Design

- 1. Selected intervention(s):
- 2. Summary of responsibilities for implementing the plan:
- 3. Summary of the final plan:

Stage 4: Implementation

- 1. Initial follow-up notes:
- 2. First follow-up meeting:

Date:

Purpose:

Summary:

3. Second follow-up meeting:

Date:

Purpose:

Summary: